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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. **(Currently amended)** A method for immobilising immobilizing a protein on a microporous material, said microporous material is selected from the group consisting of zeolite or a similar solid surface whereby loss of activity of said protein is less than 10% of the initial activity prior to immobilising immobilizing, the method comprising the steps of:

- (i) selecting a polypeptide tag capable of binding to the surface,
- (ii) immobilise immobilizing said protein by the steps of:
 - (a) attaching said polypeptide tag to the protein, and
 - (b) binding said polypeptide tag to the solid surface

wherein step (a) and (b) is are performed simultaneously or sequentially and when performed sequentially, the order of step (a) and (b) is random, subject to the limitation that the further wherein the polypeptide tag does not consist only of histidine residues.

2. **(Currently amended)** A The method according to claim 1 wherein the binding in step (i) is a specifically binding of the polypeptide tag to the surface.

3. **(Currently amended)** A The method according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the polypeptide tag comprises at least two lysine residues.

4. **(Currently amended)** A The method according to any of claims 1-3 claim 1 wherein the polypeptide tag comprises at the most 21-500 of amino acid residues.

5. **(Currently amended)** A The method according to any of claims 1-4 claim 1 wherein said polypeptide tag has at least 30-100% amino acid sequence identity to SEQ ID NO 1.

6. **(Currently amended)** A The method according to any of claims 1-4 claim 1 wherein said polypeptide tag has at least 30-100% amino acid sequence identity to SEQ ID NO 2.

7. **(Currently amended)** A The method according to any of claims 1-6 claim 1 wherein the binding in step (i) is enhanced by repeating said polypeptide tag at least 2, 3, 4, 7, 10, 50, or 100 times.

8. **(Currently amended)** A The method according to any of claims 1-7 claim 1 wherein the avidity of the polypeptide tag for the surface is enhanced by repeating said polypeptide tag at least 2, 3, 4, 7, 10, 50, 100 times.

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9. (Currently amended) A-The method according to claim 7 or 8 wherein the amino acid sequence identity between the repeating polypeptide sequences is at least 30-100%.

10. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 1-9 claim 1 wherein the protein is a protein expressed on the surface of a cell.

11. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 1-10 claim 1 wherein said attachment of the polypeptide tag to the protein provides a fusion protein.

12. (Currently amended) A-The method according to claim 11 wherein said fusion protein is recombinantly provided.

13. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 1-12 claim 1 wherein the polypeptide tag is attached to the protein by chemical treatment.

14. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 1-13 claim 1 wherein the surface comprises at least one aluminum moiety, at least one silicate moiety and/or at least one phosphate moiety.

15. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 1-14 claim 1 wherein the similar solid surface is selected from the group consisting of meso- and microporous materials including hydrotalcite, clay, aluminosilicate, oxide powders, activated carbon, mica, glass, clinoptolite, gismondine zeolite, alluminate and quartz.

16. (Currently amended) A-The method according to claim 15 wherein the zeolite is either naturally occurring or synthetically produced.

17. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims claim 15 or 16 wherein the meso- and microporous material is selected from the group of zeolites consisting of AFI, EMT, FAU and MFI.

18. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 15-17 claim 15 wherein the zeolite has a pore size in the range selected from the group consisting of 1-50 Å, such as 1-40 Å, e.g. 1-30 Å, such as 1-20 Å, e.g. 1-15 Å, such as 2-10 Å, e.g. 3-8 Å, such as 5-8 Å, e.g. and 6-8 Å.

19. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 1-18 claim 1 wherein the protein is selected from the group consisting of an antibody, an antigen, a receptor, a biotin, an avidin, a hormone, a lectin, a sugar, an enzyme and a protease.

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20. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 1-19
claim 1 wherein the polypeptide tag is bound directly to the solid surface.

21. (Currently amended) A polypeptide tag that is capable of controlling the orientation of proteins immobilised-immobilized on a microporous material, wherein said microporous material is selected from the group consisting of zeolite or-and similar solid surfaces.

22. (Currently amended) A-The polypeptide tag according to claim 21
wherein the polypeptide tag comprises at least two lysine residues.

23. (Currently amended) A-The polypeptide tag according to claim 21 or-22
wherein the polypeptide tag comprises at the most 21-500 amino acid residues.

24. (Currently amended) A-The polypeptide tag according to any of claims 21-23-claim 21 wherein the polypeptide tag is provided on at least one subunit of a protein.

25. (Currently amended) A-The polypeptide tag according to any of claims 21-24-claim 21 wherein said polypeptide tag has at least 30-100% amino acid sequence identity to SEQ ID NO 1.

26. (Currently amended) A-The polypeptide tag according to any of claims 21-24-claim 21 wherein said polypeptide tag has at least 30-100% amino acid sequence identity to SEQ ID NO 2.

27. (Currently amended) A method for isolating an analyte from a liquid sample, said method comprises comprising the steps of:

- (i) selecting a protein immobilised-immobilized according to the method of any of claims 1-20, claim 1, wherein said protein is capable of specifically binding to the analyte,
- (ii) contacting said immobilised-immobilized protein with the liquid sample,
- (iii) permitting said immobilised-immobilized protein to react with the analyte to obtain a complex of the immobilised-immobilized protein and the analyte,
- (iv) optionally washing said complex, and
- (v) eluting the analyte from said complex.

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28. **(Currently amended)** A—The method according to claim 27 wherein the liquid sample is selected from the group consisting of a-fermentation medium, wastewater, blood, milk, and urine, dairy dairy products and/or a chemical reaction.

29. **(Currently amended)** A—The method according to any of claims 27-28 claim 27 wherein the immobilised immobilized protein is reused.

30. **(Currently amended)** Use of a protein immobilised according to the method of any of claims 1-20 as A method of purifying analyte comprising contacting said analyte with a column chromatography column material comprising a protein immobilized using for the purification of an analyte method of claim 1.

31. **(Currently amended)** Use—A method of hydrolyzing a molecule comprising contacting said molecule with a protein immobilised-immobilized using according to the method of any of claims 1-20 for the hydrolysis of a molecule claim 1.

32. **(Currently amended)** A—The cell comprising a surface molecule comprising the polypeptide tag according to any of claims 21-26 claim 21.

33. **(Currently amended)** A material having at least one surface onto which a polypeptide tag has been bound, wherein said polypeptide tag has at least 30-100% identity to SEQ ID NO. 1 or SEQ ID NO. 2.

34. **(Currently amended)** A—The material according to claim 33 wherein the surface is selected from the group consisting of meso- and microporous materials including zeolite, hydrotalcite, clay, aluminosilicate, oxide powders, activated carbon, mica, glass, clinoptolite, gismondine zeolite, alluminate and quartz.

35. **(Currently amended)** A fusion protein having bound to a polypeptide tag bound, wherein said polypeptide tag has at least 30-100% identity to SEQ ID NO. 1 or SEQ ID NO. 2.